

# MLOps – Staying on-Track by Providing Value

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**We increase return on  
investment  
by making *continuous flow of  
value* our focus.**

# The Pillars of Modern SDLC



## Agile Methodology

Deals with  
Uncertainty

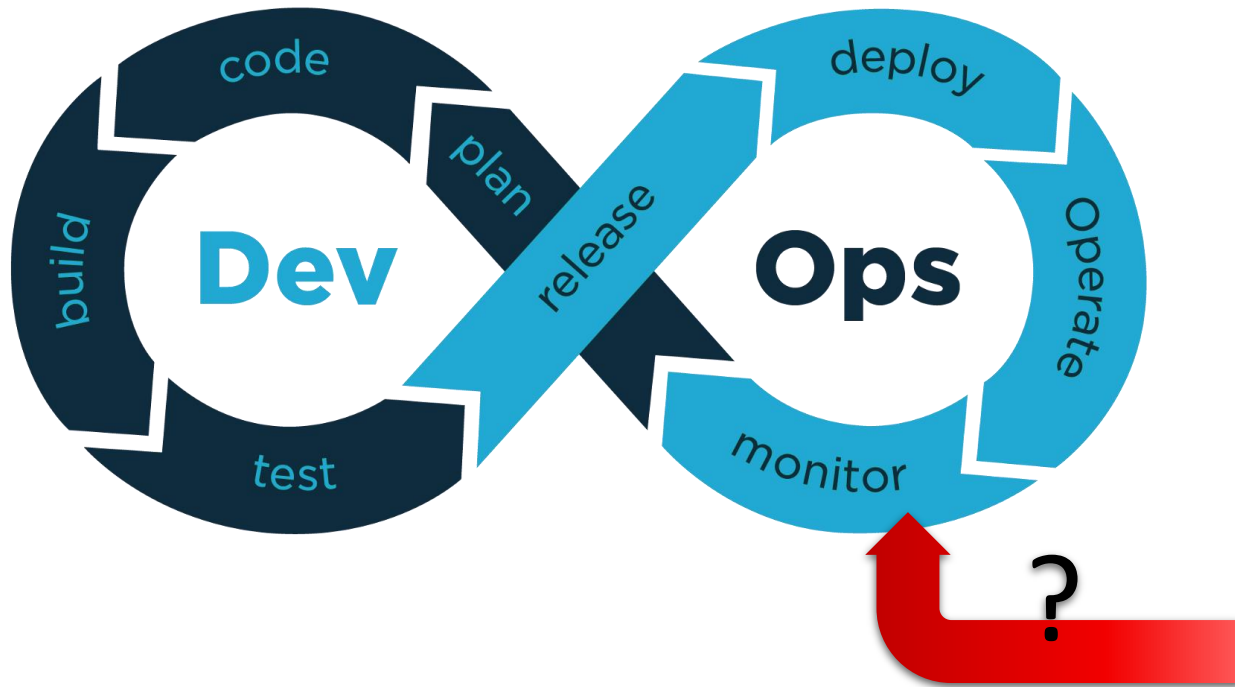
- Strives to create a desirable product and business outcome
- Accepts that we might change our minds once we see it
- Embraces that we will fail at many things

## DevOps

Deals with  
Complexity

- Helps iterate faster
- Delivers higher quality
- Removes siloes because we can't possibly understand all implications, nor should we

# DevOps



DevOps is a set of practices that combines software development and IT operations to shorten the SDLC while delivering features, fixes, and updates frequently

**in close alignment with business objectives.**

# Operationalizing Machine Learning(ML) Models @Railinc



Railinc built on the methodology and principles of Agile and DevOps

MLOps by Railinc's definition

- Closes the gap on measuring business objectives
- Extends the DevOps principles by incorporating value-driven measurements throughout the development and operations cycles
- Borrows from the research definition of operationalization

**Definition:** Operationalization is the process of strictly defining variables into measurable factors. The process defines fuzzy concepts (like value) and allows them to be measured, empirically and quantitatively.



# Defining Value



Containers are ramped  
on a train  
**Where are they headed?**

Train is handled by many carriers  
**How accurate is their reporting?**

Stations and terminals  
are operated by different  
entities  
**What is the dwell time  
today, tomorrow?**

Container is de-ramped and then  
put on a truck  
**In which order?**

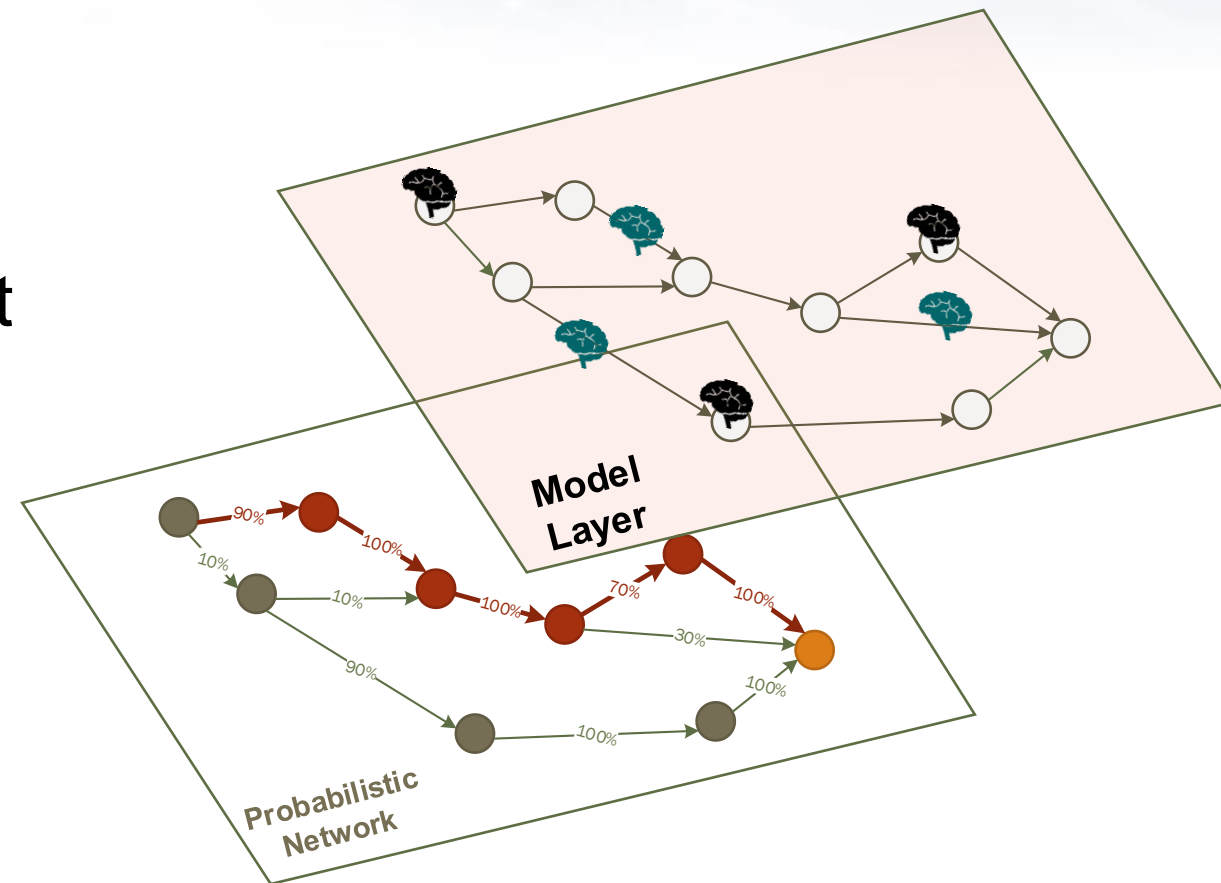
**When should Joe show  
up with his truck?**



# Predicting Where, When and What Event Comes Next



- The Movement data is highly complex and noisy
- We had the idea of mimicking what sports analysts do for playoff predictions
- We had to keep each Origin/Destination pair separate
- We ended up predicting individual event transitions



# Facing problems of scale and runtime complexity



## Data Science: Approximately 10K origin and destination pairs

- How to run the error analysis on thousands of pairs and millions of trips?
- How to understand the impact of model changes on the business value?
- When to retrain?

## Infrastructure: Initial models size was 200GB

- Thousands of models, how to version and keep track of release changes?
- Too big to easily run in a container

## Monitoring: Data issue or model decay

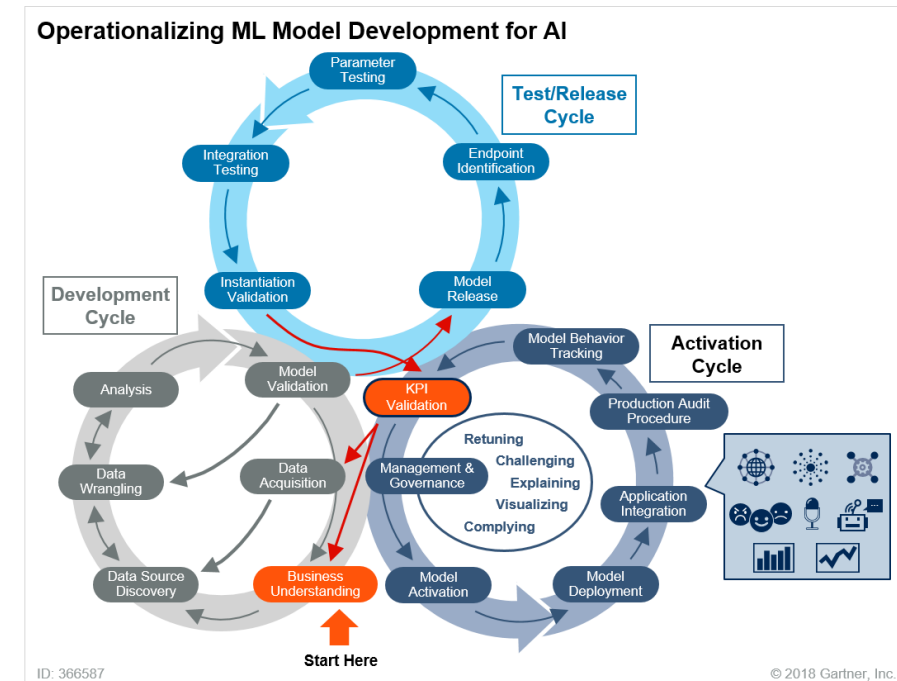
- How to identify data quality issues at runtime?



# MLOps: Start with the Customer Value



- Customer driven measurements: start with their purpose
- Measured throughout the product lifecycle
  - Training time
  - Runtime
  - What the customer sees
- Driving new model releases
- Driving the release of functionality to customers
  - Roll out first the high-performant lanes
  - Added specific measurements for the targeted customers



# MLOps: Exposing Issues



- Using information at training time that would have not been available at runtime
- Exposing runtime data quality issues
  - Bad data
  - Unusual gaps in the data
- Pinpointing operational variability
- Exposing different understandings or implementations of the metrics definition

## Other strategies that made us successful



- Cross-functional collaborative team
  - “If one of us fails, we all fail.”
- Product and outcome-driven
  - Kanban over Scrum
  - Focusing on delivery not planning and control (adaptation vs. anticipation)
  - Festina lente (MVP and Quality)
- Managing uncertainty
  - Parallel experimentation approach
- Creating internal programs to increase critical skillsets



## Data Fitness and ML “Magic”

- Many of the data sources have been collected for a different purpose
- Value principles apply also in understanding what products are possible given the available data





## What we learned

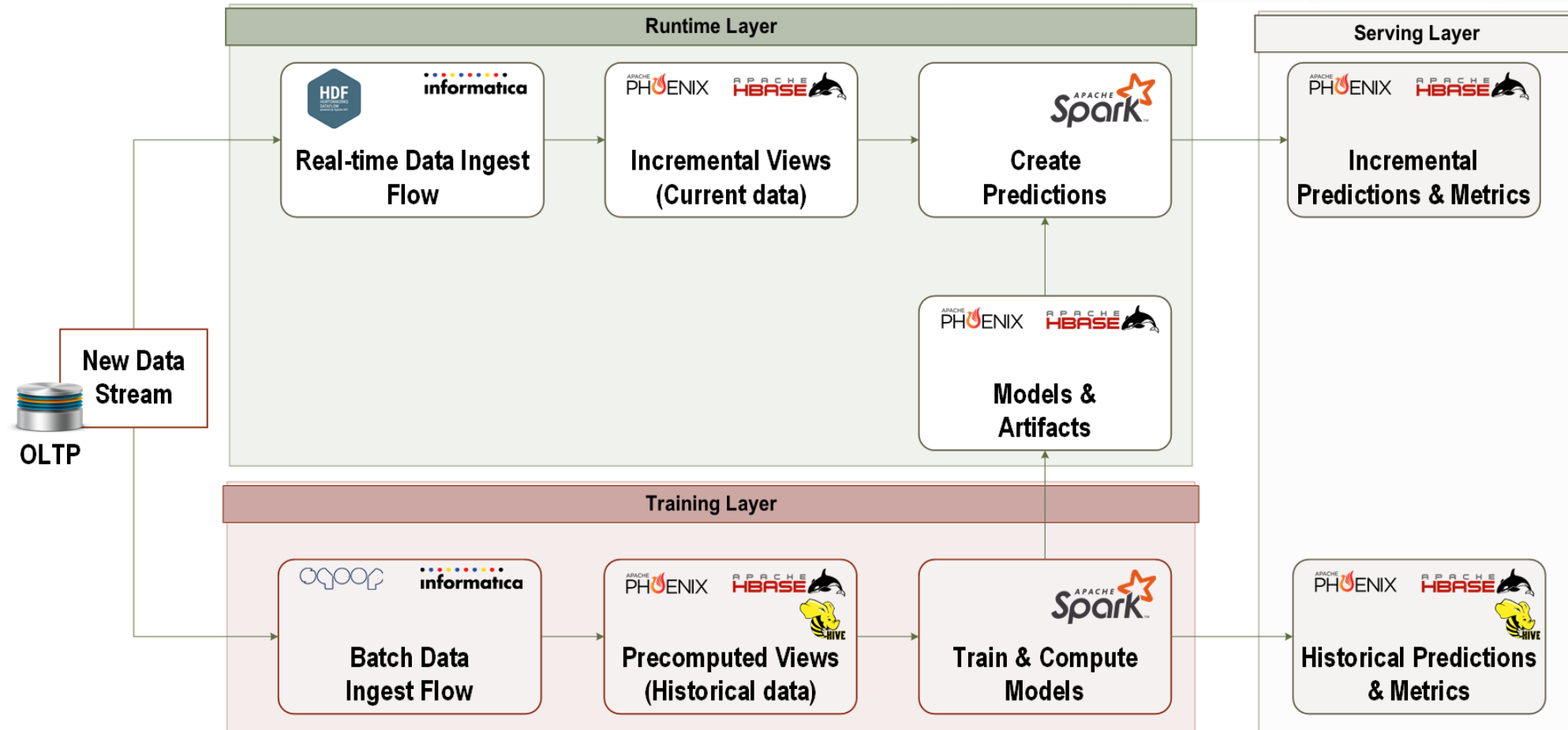


- Many times success is not about the best model
- The nature of operationalization of machine learning lends itself to a value-driven, adaptation approach
  - Uncertainty of goals
  - Many unknowns about data
  - Technology complexity and immaturity
- Following Agile and DevOps principles is a must

# Appendix



# Architecture



## What are we facing now



- Managing the speed of change
  - The case for cloud and changing your mind ... often
- Driving benefits
  - Product strategy to drive revenue
  - Use-case selection strategy
- Data Management maturity
  - Data at Forefront
  - Data Fitness
- Data Science maturity
  - Integration into engineering practices
  - Organizational literacy

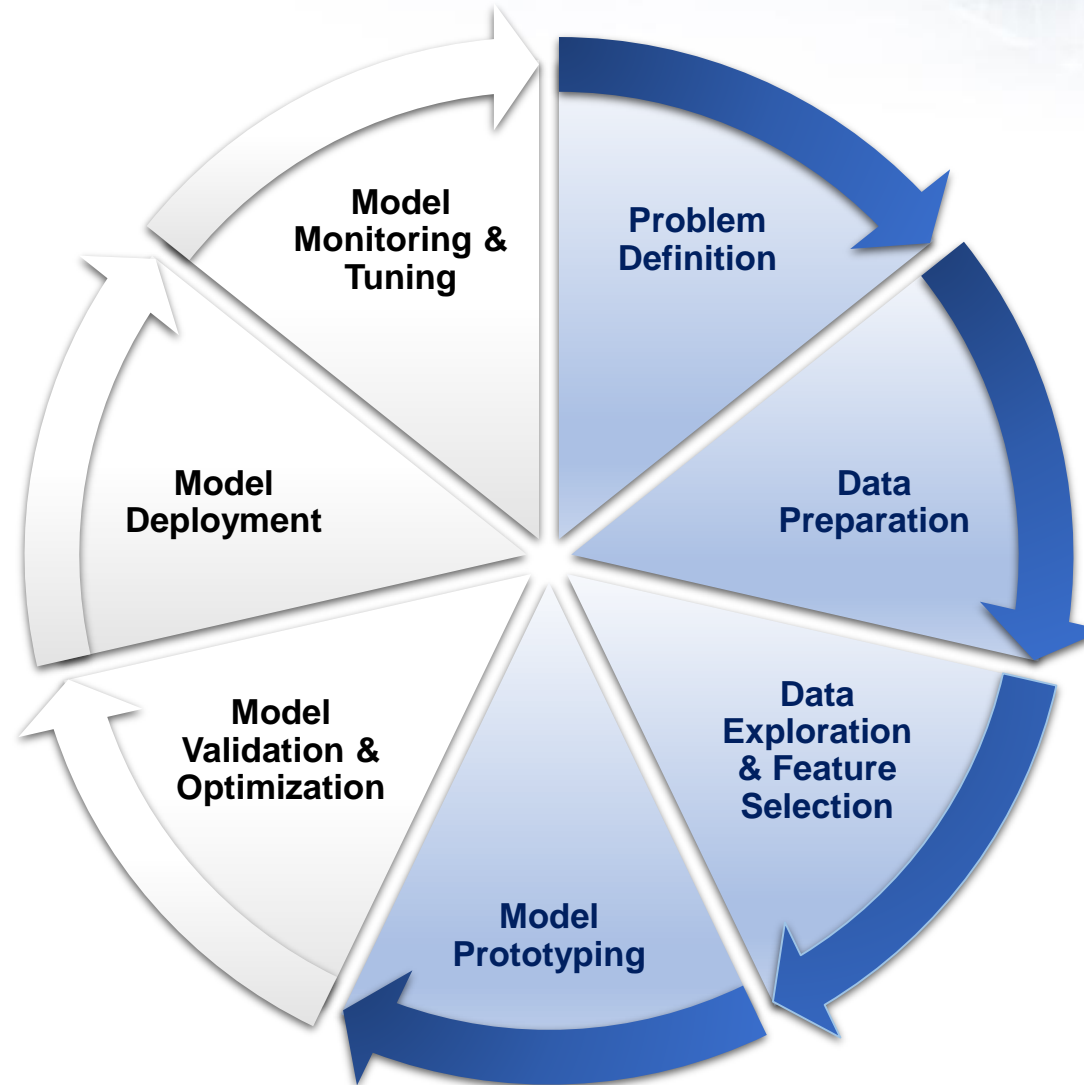


# Analytics Development Lifecycle



## Operational Stage

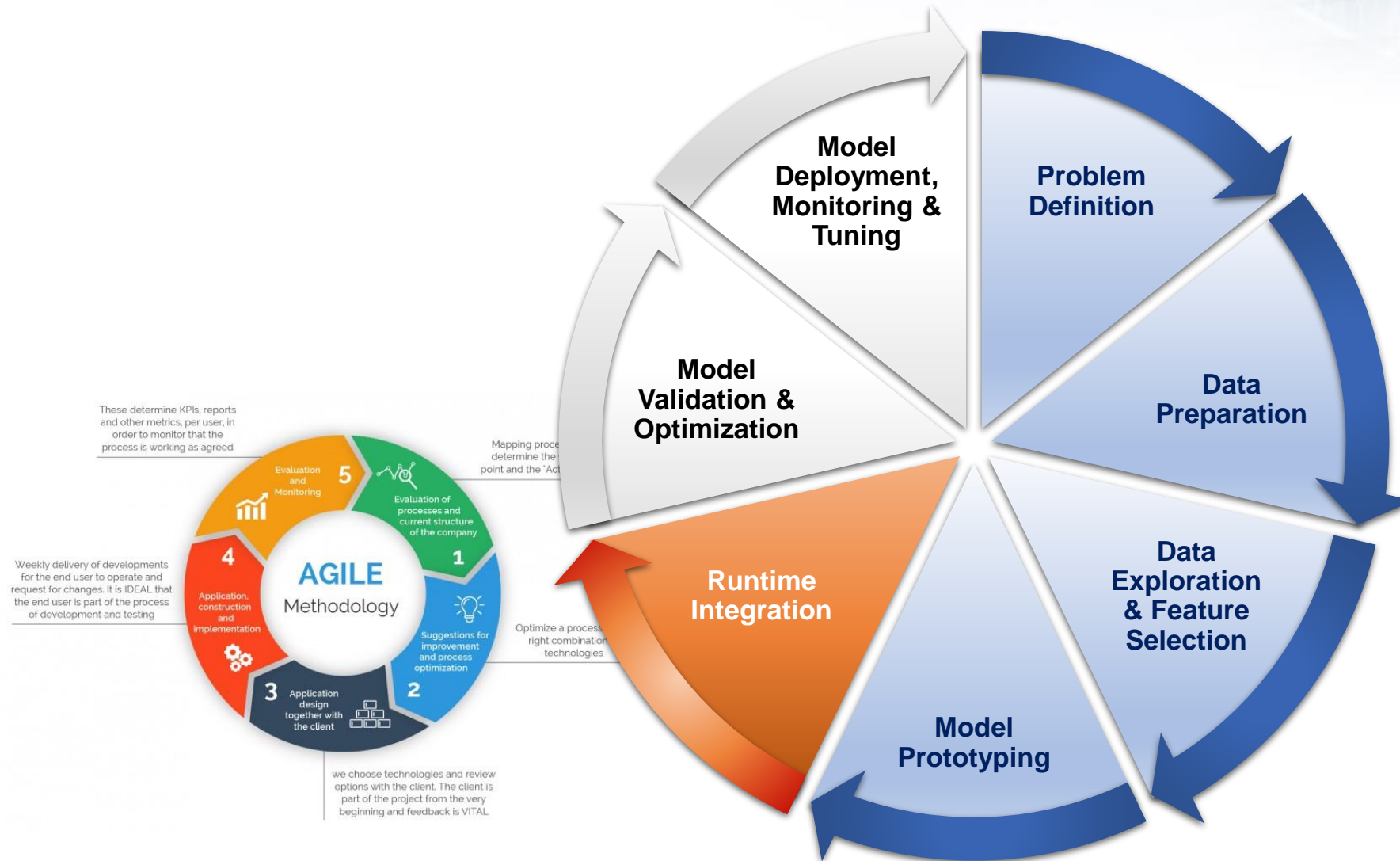
- Streamline and automate the deployment of models
- Monitor model performance



## Research Stage

- Enhance data analysis and preparation
- Streamline model creation
- Leverage data platform toolsets

# ADLC and SDLC Integration



- 4 tracks to integrate**
- Data Science
  - Data Engineering
  - Application Development
  - Infrastructure